

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

⚠ WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier

| | |
|---------------------|----------------|
| LRP14AC/HP36 | 3-Ton |
| LRP14AC/HP42 | 3.5 Ton |
| LRP14AC/HP48 | 4-Ton |
| LRP14AC/HP60 | 5-Ton |

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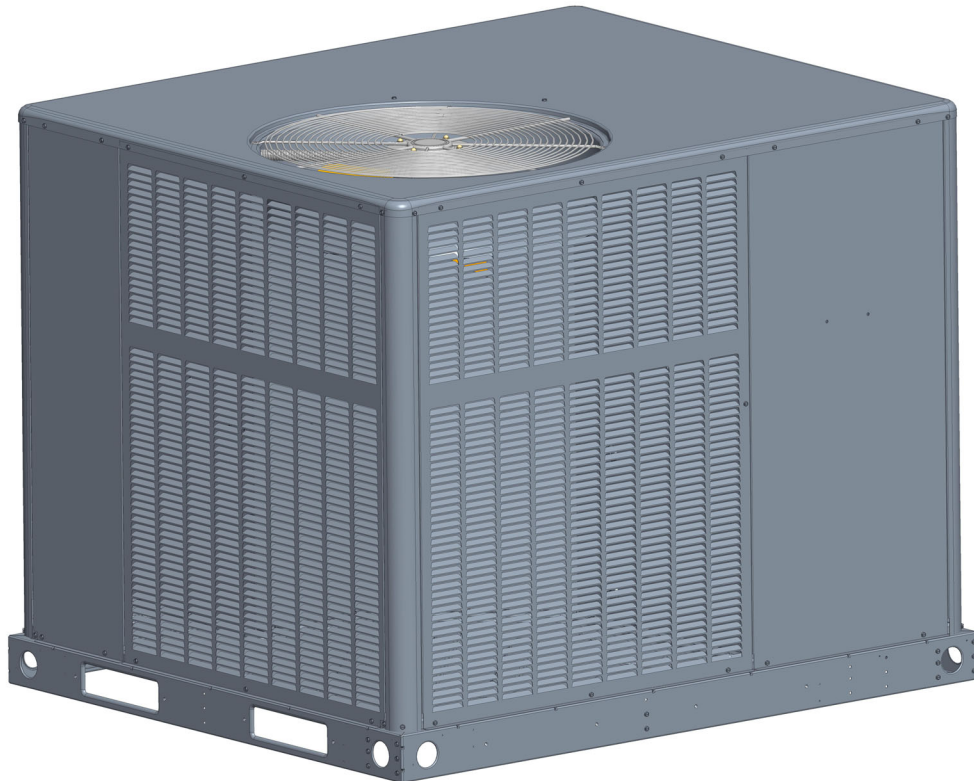
COOLING AND HEAT PUMP PACKAGED UNITS
508179-01
3/2021

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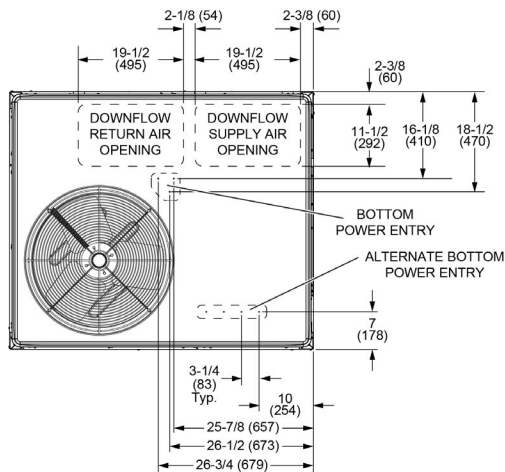
⚠ CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

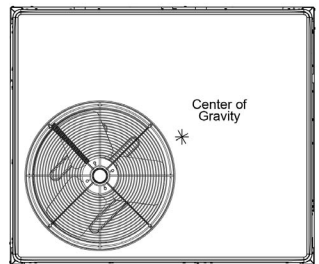
RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE



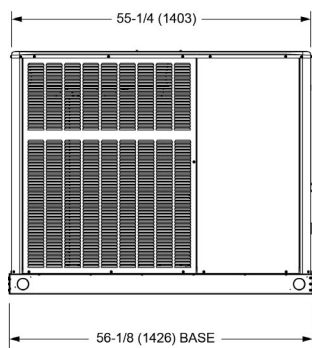
DIMENSIONS in. (mm)



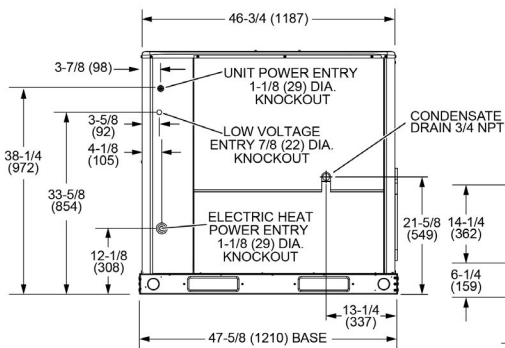
TOP VIEW (Base)



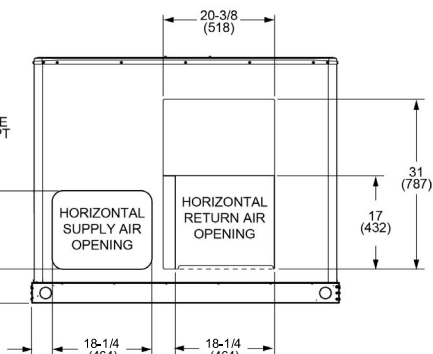
TOP VIEW



FRONT VIEW

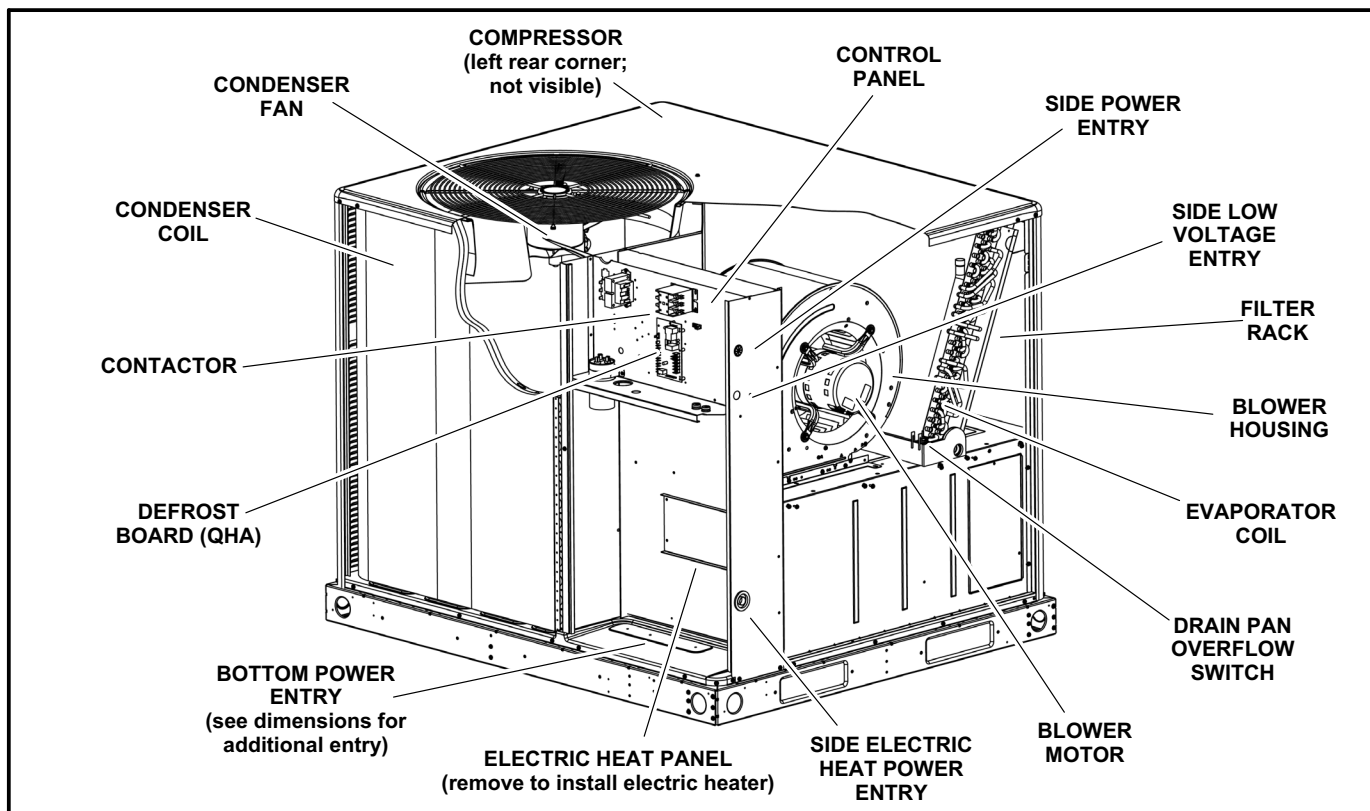


RIGHT SIDE VIEW



BACK VIEW

PARTS ARRANGEMENT



Shipping and Packing List

Package 1 of 1 contains:

1- Assembled unit

Check unit for shipping damage. Receiving party should contact last carrier immediately if shipping damage is found.

General

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installation.

Requirements

See figure 1 for unit clearances.

⚠ NOTICE

Roof Damage!

This system contains both refrigerant and oil. Some rubber roofing material may absorb oil, causing the rubber to swell. Bubbles in the rubber roofing material can cause leaks. Protect the roof surface to avoid exposure to refrigerant and oil during service and installation. Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to roof surface.

⚠ WARNING



Electric shock hazard and danger of explosion. Can cause injury, death or product or property damage. Turn off gas and electrical power to unit before performing any maintenance or servicing operations on the unit. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit when putting unit back into operation and after service or maintenance.

⚠ IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

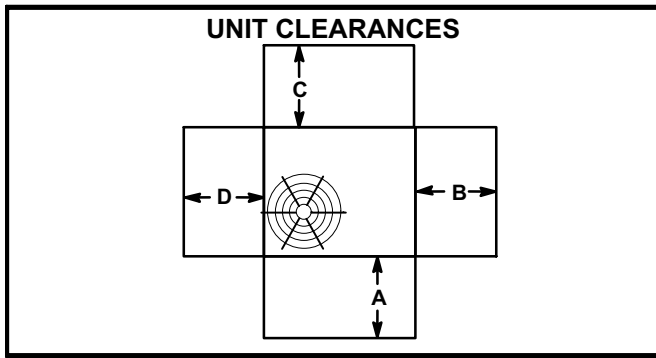


FIGURE 1

| ¹ Unit Clearance | A in. | B in. | C in. | D in. | Top Clearance |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|
| Service Clearance | 24 | 24 | 0 | 24 | 48 |
| Clearance to Combustibles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Note - Entire perimeter of unit base requires support when elevated above mounting surface.

¹ **Service Clearance** - Required for removal of serviceable parts.

Clearance to Combustibles - Required clearance to combustible material (gas units).

Location

- 1- Unit is designed for outdoor installation only. Unit must be installed so all electrical components are protected from water.
- 2- Condenser coils must have an unlimited supply of air.
- 3- For ground level installation, use a level prefabricated pad or use a level concrete slab. Do not tie the slab to the building foundation.
- 4- Maintain level within a tolerance of 1/4" maximum across the entire length or width of the unit.

CAUTION

Unit levelness is critical for proper float switch operation.

Use of this unit as a construction heater or air conditioner is not recommended during any phase of construction. Very low return air temperatures, harmful vapors and operation of the unit with clogged or misplaced filters will damage the unit.

If this unit has been used for heating or cooling of buildings or structures under construction, the following conditions must be met or the warranty will be void:

- A room thermostat must control the unit. The use of fixed jumpers that will provide continuous heating or cooling is not allowed.
- A pre-filter must be installed at the entry to the return air duct.
- The return air duct must be provided and sealed to the unit.

- Return air temperature range between 55°F (13°C) and 80°F (27°C) must be maintained.
- Air filters must be replaced and pre-filters must be removed upon construction completion.
- The heat exchanger, components, duct system, air filters and evaporator coil must be thoroughly cleaned following final construction clean-up.
- The unit operating conditions (including airflow and cooling operation) must be verified according to these installation instructions.

Unit Support

In the U.S., units may be installed on combustible floors made from wood or class A, B, or C roof covering material.

In Canada, units may be installed on combustible floors.

NOTE - Securely fasten roof frame to roof per local codes.

CAUTION

To reduce the likelihood of supply / return air bypass and promote a proper seal with the RTU, duct work / duct drops / diffuser assemblies must be supported independently to the building structure.

A-Downflow Discharge Application

Roof Mounting with ACURB85

- 1- The ACURB85 roof mounting frame must be installed, flashed and sealed in accordance with the instructions provided with the frame.
- 2- The ACURB85 roof mounting frame should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3- Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit; supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.
- 4- Prior to setting the unit on the roof curb, remove the shipping bracket located underneath the unit. Remove the two screws in the base rail (located on the front and rear of the unit). The four screws and the bracket can be discarded. See Figure 2.
- 5- Be sure that all required clearances are observed (see Clearances section).

Installer's Roof Mounting Frame

Many types of roof frames can be used to install the unit depending upon different roof structures. Items to keep in mind when using the building frame or supports are:

- 1- The base is fully enclosed and not insulated, so an enclosed, insulated frame is required.
- 2- The frames or supports must be constructed with non-combustible materials and should be square and level to 1/16" per linear foot (5mm per linear meter) in any direction.
- 3- Frame or supports must be high enough to prevent any form of moisture from entering unit.

Recommended minimum frame height is 14" (356mm).

- 4- Duct must be attached to the roof mounting frame and not to the unit. Supply and return plenums must be installed before setting the unit.
- 5- Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

B-Horizontal Discharge Applications

- 1- Specified installation clearances must be maintained when installing units. Refer to figure 1.
- 2- Top of support slab should be approximately 4" (102mm) above the finished grade and located so no run-off water from higher ground can collect around the unit.
- 3- Units require support along all four sides of unit base. Supports must be constructed of steel or suitably treated wood materials.

Duct Connection

All exterior ducts, joints and openings in roof or building walls must be insulated and weather-proofed with flashing and sealing compounds in accordance with applicable codes. Any duct passing through an unconditioned space must be insulated.

The duct system should be designed and sized according to the methods in the Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA) manual that is most appropriate to the installation application.

A closed return air duct system shall be used. This shall not preclude use of economizers or outdoor fresh air intake.

It is recommended that supply and return air duct connections at the unit be made with flexible joints. The supply and return air duct systems should be designed for the CFM and static requirements of the job. They should not be sized by matching the dimensions of the duct connections on the unit. The unit is shipped capable of either horizontal flow (side duct connections) or down flow (bottom duct connections). Duct attachment screws are intended to go into the duct panel. Duct to unit connections must be sealed and weather-proofed.

CAUTION

In downflow applications, do not drill or punch holes in base of unit. Leaking in roof may occur if unit base is punctured.

Rigging Unit For Lifting

Rig unit for lifting by attaching four cables to holes in unit base rail. See figure 2.

Exercise care when moving the unit. Do not remove any packaging until the unit is near the place of installation.

- 1- Connect rigging to the unit base rails using both holes in each corner.
- 2- All panels must be in place for rigging.
- 3- Place field-provided spreaders in place. Spreaders must be of adequate strength and length (must exceed unit dimension by 6 inches). Units may also be moved or lifted with a forklift. **The lengths of the forks of the forklift must be a minimum of 42 inches.**

CAUTION - Before lifting a unit, make sure that the weight is distributed equally on the cables so that it will lift evenly.

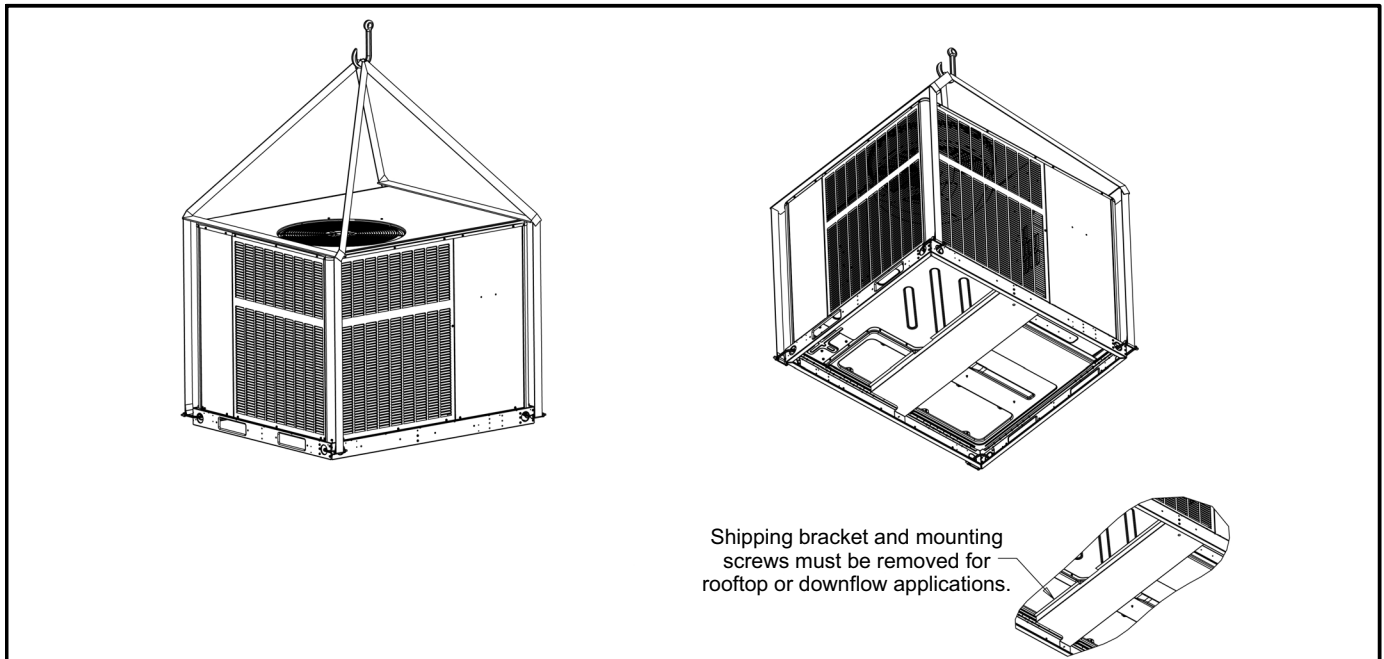


FIGURE 2

Unpacking

Locate the four stacking brackets at each corner of the top panel. Remove the screws that secure these brackets. All screws must be re-installed. The stacking brackets can be discarded. Remove the bag and remaining packaging material, which can be discarded. Locate the four plastic fork slot bumpers on the base rails. Remove the fasteners and bumpers and discard.

Downflow Air Discharge

Unit is shipped with panels covering the horizontal and downflow supply and return air openings (four covers).

- 1- Before setting the unit on a roof curb, see "Roof Mounting" section for instructions on removing the shipping bracket underneath the unit.
- 2- Remove and retain the horizontal supply and return duct covers.
- 3- Remove the four screws securing the downflow duct covers inside the unit. Remove and discard the covers.
- 4- Remove screws located between the supply and return air openings that attach the blower deck to the base, and discard these screws. These screws can interfere with bottom duct connections or roof curb seals.
- 5- Install the duct system onto the unit.
- 6- Replace the retained horizontal supply and return duct covers.

Field-Installed Economizer (Downflow)

- 1- Before setting the unit on a roof curb, see "Roof Mounting" section for instructions on removing the shipping bracket underneath the unit.
- 2- Remove the horizontal supply and return duct covers.
- 3- Remove the four screws securing the downflow duct covers inside the unit. Remove and discard the covers.
- 4- Remove the screws securing the bottom covers, and discard the bottom covers (supply and return).
- 5- Remove screws located between the supply and return air openings that attach the blower deck to the base, and discard these screws. These screws can interfere with bottom duct connections or roof curb seals.
- 6- Remove the close-out panel from the left-hand side of the return duct opening.
- 7- Remove the return air panel above the return duct opening.

- 8- Install the economizer into the unit rear panel. Wire and set up following the instructions that accompany the economizer.
- 9- Return air duct must be field-supported.
- 10- Unused covers and panels can be discarded.

Horizontal Air Discharge

Unit is shipped with panels covering the horizontal and downflow supply and return air openings. See figure 3.

Remove the horizontal duct covers over the supply and return duct openings. Covers can be discarded.

Field-Installed Economizer (Horizontal)

- 1- Remove the horizontal duct covers over the supply and return duct openings.
- 2- Remove the close-out panel from the left-hand side of the return duct opening.

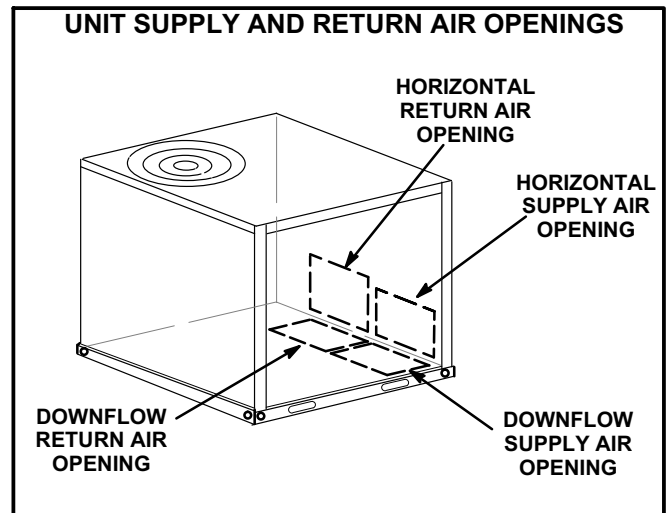


FIGURE 3

- 3- Remove the return air panel above the return duct opening.
- 4- Remove the lower (relief) hood from the economizer.
- 5- Install the economizer into the unit rear panel. Wire and set up following the instructions that accompany the economizer.
- 6- Install return air duct to the economizer at the former location of the relief hood.
- 7- Cut a 20" wide X 14" high opening in the return air duct and install the economizer relief hood. See figure 4.
- 8- Return air duct must be field-supported.
- 9- Unused covers and panels can be discarded.

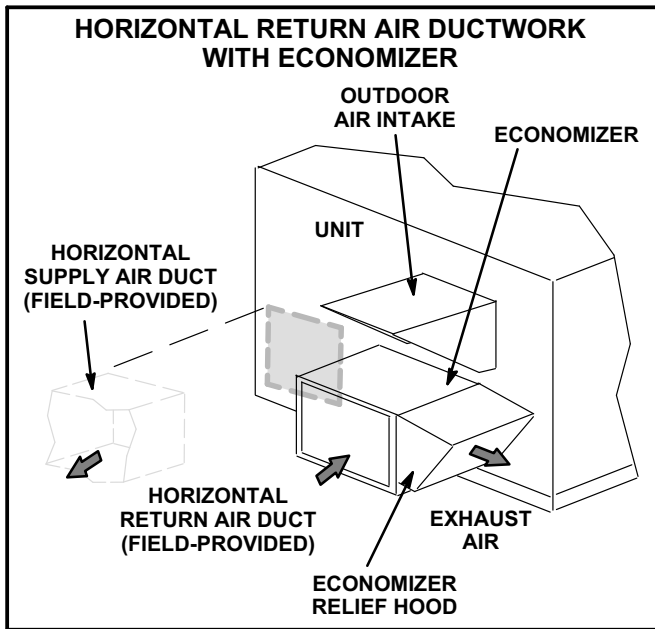


FIGURE 4

Condensate Drains

This package unit is equipped with a 3/4" FPT coupling for condensate line connection. Plumbing must conform to local codes. Use a sealing compound on male pipe threads.

Do not operate unit without a drain trap. The condensate drain is on the negative pressure side of the blower; therefore, air being pulled through the condensate line will prevent positive drainage without a proper trap. **The condensate drain line must be properly trapped, routed to a suitable drain and primed prior to unit commissioning.**

NOTE: Install drain lines and trap so they do not block service access to the unit.

See figure 5 for proper drain arrangement. The drain line must pitch to an open drain or pump to prevent clogging of the line. Seal around the drain connection with suitable material to prevent air leakage into the return air system.

To prime trap, pour several quarts of water into drain, enough to fill drain trap and line.

CAUTION - Drain lines should be hand-tightened only. Do not use tools to tighten fitting into drain.

Electrical Connections

All wiring should be done in accordance with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70 (latest edition); Canadian Electrical Code Part 1, CSA C22.1 (latest edition); or local codes where they prevail. Use wiring with a temperature limitation of 75°C minimum. Run the 208,

230, or 460 volt, 60 hertz electric power supply through a fused disconnect switch to the control box of the unit and connect as shown in the wiring diagram located on the inside of the control access panel.

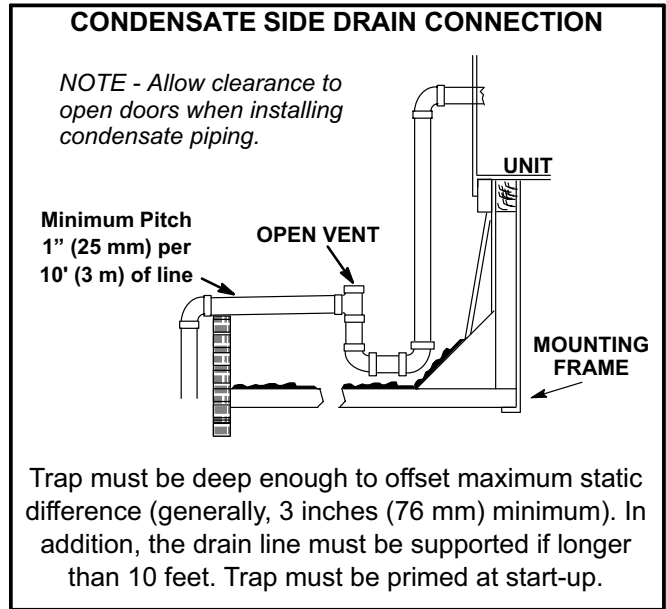


FIGURE 5

Power supply to the unit must be N.E.C. Class 1, and must comply with all applicable codes. A disconnect switch should be field provided for the unit; follow local codes to determine what type of switch to use. The switch must be separate from all other circuits. If any of the wire supplied with the unit must be replaced, replacement wire must be of the type shown on the wiring diagram. Electrical wiring must be sized to carry minimum circuit ampacity marked on the unit. **Use copper conductors only.** Each unit must be wired with a separate branch circuit and be properly fused.

An optional bottom-entry power kit is available for these units. See the instructions in that kit for proper installation details.

THERMOSTAT WIRING

A-Thermostat Location

Room thermostat mounts vertically on a standard 2" X 4" handy box or on any non-conductive flat surface.

Locate thermostat approximately 5 feet (1524mm) above the floor in an area with good air circulation at average temperature. Avoid locating the room thermostat where it might be affected by:

- drafts or dead spots behind doors and in corners
- hot or cold air from ducts
- radiant heat from sun or appliances
- concealed pipes and chimneys

B-Control Wiring

- 1- Route thermostat cable or wires from subbase to control panel (refer to unit dimensions to locate bottom and side power entry).

IMPORTANT - Unless field thermostat wires are rated for maximum unit voltage, they must be routed away from line voltage wiring.

Use 18 AWG wire for all applications using remotely installed electro-mechanical and electronic thermostats.

- 2- Install thermostat assembly in accordance with instructions provided with thermostat.
- 3- Connect thermostat wiring to leads in control panel. Wire as shown in figure 6 for electro-mechanical and electronic thermostats.
- 4- Four wires are required for cooling.
- 5- A thermostat capable of two-stage cooling is required when economizers are installed.

C-Heat Anticipator

The heat anticipator setting is 0.75 amp. It is important that the anticipator setpoint be correct. Too high of a setting will result in longer heat cycles and a greater temperature swing in the conditioned space. Reducing the value below the correct setpoint will give shorter "ON" cycles and may result in the lowering of the temperature within the conditioned space.

IMPORTANT-Terminal connections at the wall plate or subbase must be made securely. Loose control wire connections may allow unit to operate but not with proper response to room demand.

Blower Operation and Adjustments

Units are equipped with direct drive blowers.

! IMPORTANT

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

Initiate blower demand at thermostat according to instructions provided with thermostat. Unit will cycle on thermostat demand. The following steps apply to applications using a typical electro-mechanical thermostat.

- 1- Blower operation is manually set at the thermostat subbase fan switch. With fan switch in **ON** position, blowers will operate continuously.
- 2- With fan switch in **AUTO** position, the blowers will cycle with demand. Blowers and entire unit will be off when system switch is in **OFF** position.

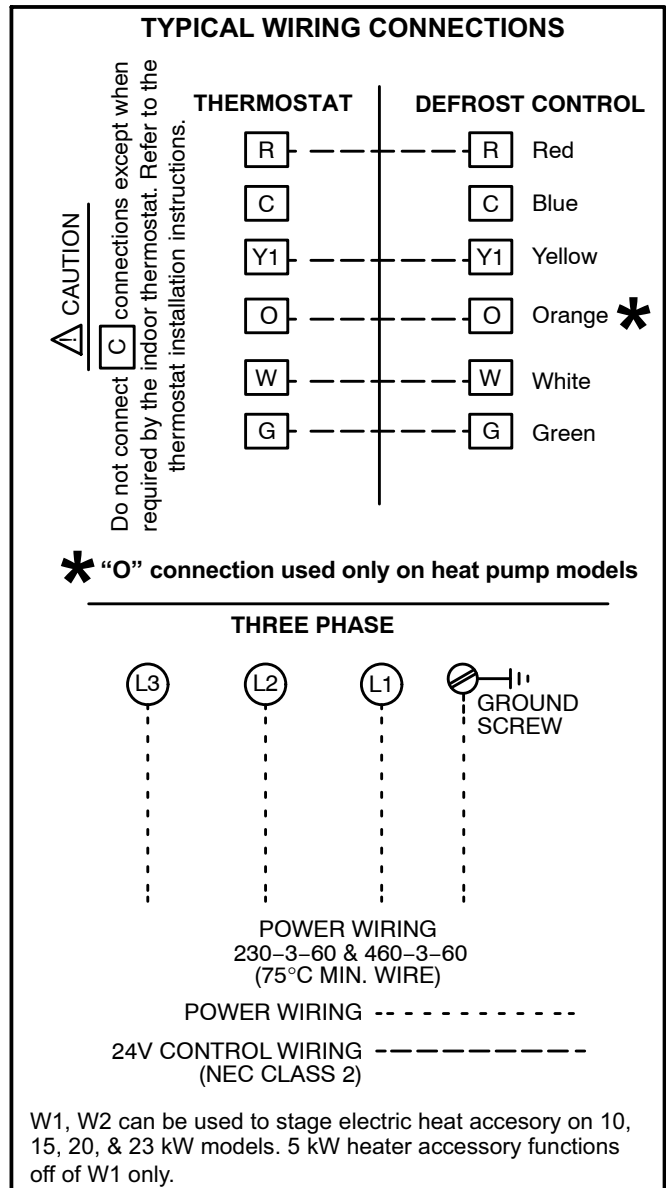


FIGURE 6

BLOWER DATA

LRP14AC/HP036

| Blower Tap | | External Static (in.w.g.) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Tap 1 (Fan Only) | Cfm | 839 | 756 | 658 | 531 | 446 | 366 | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | RPM | 431 | 481 | 540 | 606 | 655 | 702 | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | Watts | 66 | 72 | 78 | 86 | 91 | 97 | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Tap 2 (Low Cooling) | Cfm | 1241 | 1204 | 1157 | 1109 | 1067 | 1024 | 978 | 931 | 885 | 848 |
| | RPM | 762 | 784 | 809 | 836 | 862 | 891 | 919 | 947 | 973 | 999 |
| | Watts | 261 | 268 | 276 | 283 | 290 | 299 | 307 | 314 | 322 | 329 |
| Tap 3 (High Cooling) | Cfm | 1547 | 1508 | 1477 | 1440 | 1398 | 1364 | 1332 | 1291 | 1260 | 1220 |
| | RPM | 917 | 940 | 808 | 838 | 866 | 894 | 921 | 950 | 971 | 1000 |
| | Watts | 475 | 484 | 493 | 501 | 511 | 519 | 529 | 538 | 549 | 554 |
| ¹ Tap 4 (Low Electric Heat) | Cfm | 1241 | 1204 | 1157 | 1109 | 1067 | 1024 | 978 | 931 | 885 | 848 |
| | RPM | 762 | 784 | 809 | 836 | 862 | 891 | 919 | 947 | 973 | 999 |
| | Watts | 261 | 268 | 276 | 283 | 290 | 299 | 307 | 314 | 322 | 329 |
| ¹ Tap 5 (High Electric Heat) | Cfm | 1547 | 1508 | 1477 | 1440 | 1398 | 1364 | 1332 | 1291 | 1260 | 1220 |
| | RPM | 917 | 940 | 958 | 978 | 999 | 1018 | 1040 | 1063 | 1085 | 1106 |
| | Watts | 475 | 484 | 493 | 501 | 511 | 519 | 529 | 538 | 549 | 554 |

NOTE - All air data is measured external to unit with dry coil and without air filters.

¹ Taps 4 and 5 are used with Optional Electric Heat. Refer to Electric Heat nameplate for proper heat tap selection.

LRP14AC/HP42

| Blower Tap | | External Static (in.w.g.) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Tap 1 (Fan Only) | Cfm | 833 | 758 | 676 | 569 | 493 | 406 | 346 | --- | --- | --- |
| | RPM | 441 | 493 | 547 | 605 | 659 | 708 | 745 | --- | --- | --- |
| | Watts | 67 | 73 | 79 | 87 | 92 | 99 | 103 | --- | --- | --- |
| Tap 2 (Low Cooling) | Cfm | 1575 | 1519 | 1475 | 1438 | 1411 | 1376 | 1341 | 1294 | 1252 | 1209 |
| | RPM | 777 | 805 | 832 | 857 | 882 | 908 | 937 | 968 | 995 | 1024 |
| | Watts | 370 | 382 | 394 | 405 | 416 | 428 | 440 | 454 | 467 | 478 |
| Tap 3 (High Cooling) | Cfm | 1818 | 1772 | 1726 | 1680 | 1638 | 1599 | 1562 | 1518 | 1475 | 1429 |
| | RPM | 751 | 780 | 806 | 833 | 861 | 884 | 907 | 931 | 962 | 988 |
| | Watts | 396 | 410 | 420 | 433 | 445 | 455 | 465 | 476 | 489 | 500 |
| ¹ Tap 4 (Low Electric Heat) | Cfm | 1575 | 1519 | 1475 | 1438 | 1411 | 1376 | 1341 | 1294 | 1252 | 1209 |
| | RPM | 777 | 805 | 832 | 857 | 882 | 908 | 937 | 968 | 995 | 1024 |
| | Watts | 370 | 382 | 394 | 405 | 416 | 428 | 440 | 454 | 467 | 478 |
| ¹ Tap 5 (High Electric Heat) | Cfm | 1818 | 1772 | 1726 | 1680 | 1638 | 1599 | 1562 | 1518 | 1475 | 1429 |
| | RPM | 751 | 780 | 806 | 833 | 861 | 884 | 907 | 931 | 962 | 988 |
| | Watts | 396 | 410 | 420 | 433 | 445 | 455 | 465 | 476 | 489 | 500 |

NOTE - All air data is measured external to unit with dry coil and without air filters.

¹ Taps 4 and 5 are used with Optional Electric Heat. Refer to Electric Heat nameplate for proper heat tap selection.

BLOWER DATA

LRP14AC/HP48

| Blower Tap | | External Static (in.w.g.) | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Tap 1 (Fan Only) | Cfm | 839 | 757 | 658 | 532 | 447 | 366 | - | - | - | - |
| | RPM | 431 | 481 | 540 | 606 | 655 | 702 | - | - | - | - |
| | Watts | 66 | 72 | 78 | 86 | 91 | 97 | - | - | - | - |
| Tap 2 (Low Cooling) | Cfm | 1677 | 1624 | 1577 | 1526 | 1481 | 1432 | 1385 | 1336 | 1279 | 1226 |
| | RPM | 698 | 729 | 759 | 789 | 816 | 843 | 872 | 902 | 934 | 968 |
| | Watts | 335 | 347 | 359 | 370 | 380 | 390 | 401 | 412 | 425 | 438 |
| Tap 3 (High Cooling) | Cfm | 1972 | 1931 | 1885 | 1840 | 1803 | 1758 | 1725 | 1685 | 1644 | 1602 |
| | RPM | 797 | 823 | 853 | 880 | 903 | 929 | 951 | 974 | 997 | 1024 |
| | Watts | 532 | 545 | 560 | 575 | 587 | 601 | 613 | 623 | 634 | 648 |
| 1 Tap 4 (Low Electric Heat) | Cfm | 1677 | 1624 | 1577 | 1526 | 1481 | 1432 | 1385 | 1336 | 1279 | 1226 |
| | RPM | 698 | 729 | 759 | 789 | 816 | 843 | 872 | 902 | 934 | 968 |
| | Watts | 335 | 347 | 359 | 370 | 380 | 390 | 401 | 412 | 425 | 438 |
| 1 Tap 5 (High Electric Heat) | Cfm | 1972 | 1931 | 1885 | 1840 | 1803 | 1758 | 1725 | 1685 | 1644 | 1602 |
| | RPM | 797 | 823 | 853 | 880 | 903 | 929 | 951 | 974 | 997 | 1024 |
| | Watts | 532 | 545 | 560 | 575 | 587 | 601 | 613 | 623 | 634 | 648 |

NOTE - All air data is measured external to unit with dry coil and without air filters.

¹ Taps 4 and 5 are used with Optional Electric Heat. Refer to Electric Heat nameplate for proper heat tap selection.

QCA/QHA060S4D

| Blower Tap | | External Static (in.w.g.) | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Tap 1 (Fan Only) | Cfm | 1378 | 1320 | 1269 | 1223 | 1160 | 1099 | 1030 | 965 | 899 | 833 |
| | RPM | 603 | 639 | 668 | 699 | 740 | 778 | 816 | 855 | 894 | 931 |
| | Watts | 181 | 191 | 197 | 205 | 214 | 224 | 233 | 242 | 251 | 261 |
| Tap 2 (Low Cooling) | Cfm | 1980 | 1936 | 1893 | 1852 | 1816 | 1780 | 1740 | 1703 | 1660 | 1615 |
| | RPM | 806 | 833 | 862 | 887 | 903 | 927 | 951 | 971 | 1002 | 1029 |
| | Watts | 460 | 472 | 484 | 498 | 504 | 516 | 526 | 536 | 551 | 564 |
| Tap 3 (High Cooling) | Cfm | 2340 | 2300 | 2259 | 2224 | 2187 | 2158 | 2139 | 2108 | 2079 | 2038 |
| | RPM | 931 | 958 | 981 | 1004 | 1027 | 1047 | 1063 | 1081 | 1099 | 1116 |
| | Watts | 742 | 760 | 775 | 790 | 805 | 820 | 829 | 841 | 852 | 858 |
| 1 Tap 4 (Low Electric Heat) | Cfm | 2232 | 2194 | 2154 | 2129 | 2089 | 2057 | 2026 | 1991 | 1960 | 1926 |
| | RPM | 897 | 917 | 946 | 970 | 993 | 1012 | 1028 | 1048 | 1068 | 1089 |
| | Watts | 653 | 666 | 683 | 696 | 708 | 722 | 731 | 743 | 755 | 767 |
| 1 Tap 5 (High Electric Heat) | Cfm | 2329 | 2291 | 2256 | 2220 | 2183 | 2153 | 2136 | 2102 | 2075 | 2035 |
| | RPM | 931 | 954 | 980 | 1000 | 1025 | 1044 | 1061 | 1081 | 1102 | 1116 |
| | Watts | 742 | 757 | 773 | 785 | 804 | 815 | 828 | 841 | 855 | 858 |

NOTE - All air data is measured external to unit with dry coil and without air filters.

¹ Taps 4 and 5 are used with Optional Electric Heat. Refer to Electric Heat nameplate for proper heat tap selection.

BLOWER DATA**AIR RESISTANCE DATA - in. w.g.**

| Air Volume cfm | Wet Indoor Coil | | | Optional Economizer |
|-------------------|-----------------|------|------|------------------------|
| | 036, 042 | 048 | 060 | |
| 600 | 0.01 | 0.01 | --- | 0.02 |
| 700 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.03 |
| 800 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.04 |
| 900 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.05 |
| 1000 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.06 |
| 1100 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.07 |
| 1200 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.08 |
| 1300 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.10 |
| 1400 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.12 |
| 1500 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.13 |
| 1600 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.15 |
| 1700 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.18 |
| 1800 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.20 |
| 1900 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.21 |
| 2000 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.24 |

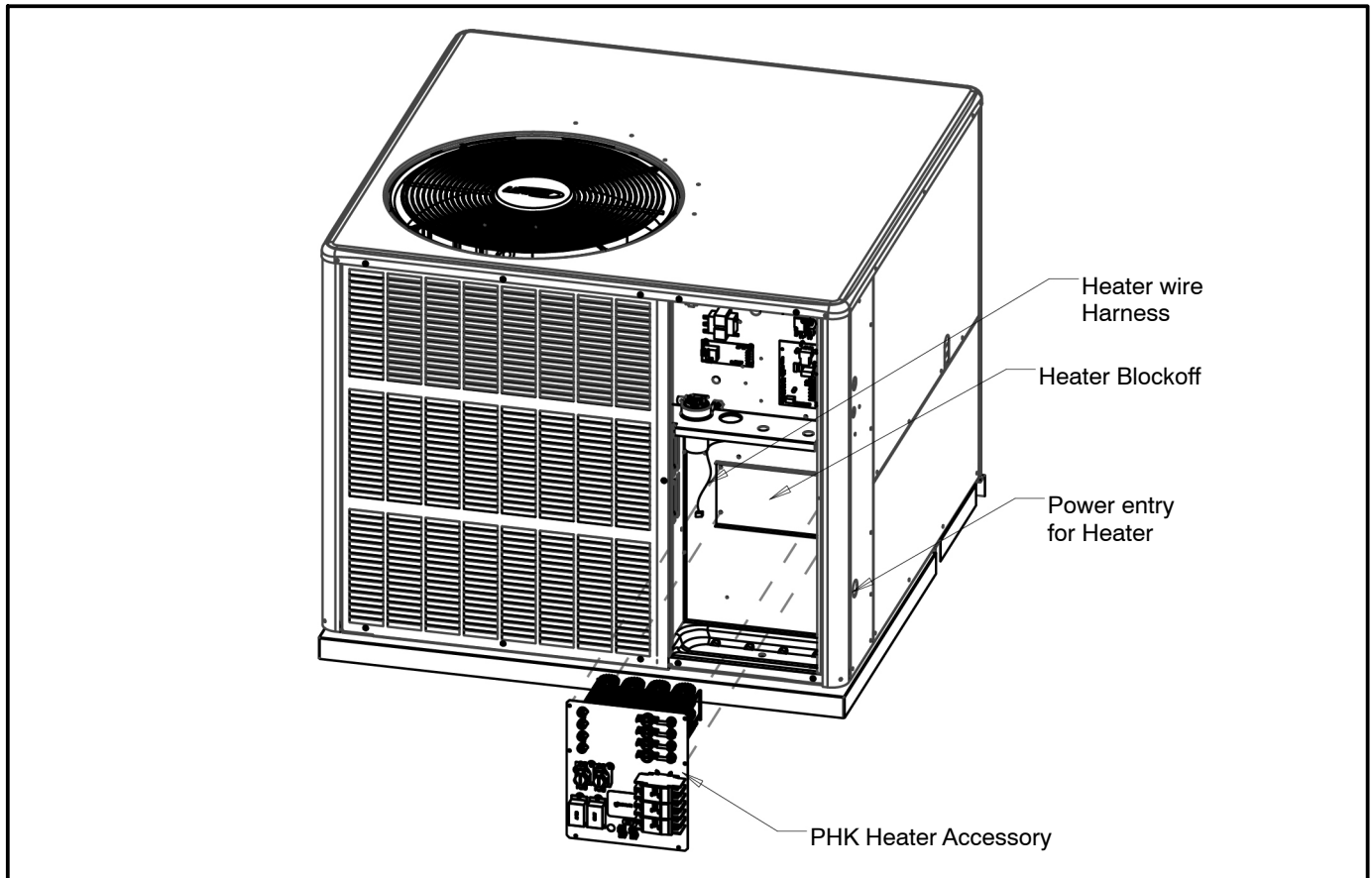


FIGURE 7

Heater Kit Accessory (if used)

This unit is fully equipped for cooling operation without auxiliary heat. A heater kit accessory may also be used. Install the heater kit as follows. See figure 7.

- 1- Disconnect the power and open the main control access.
- 2- Disconnect the plug separating the high voltage wire harness. Remove the high voltage wire harness plug and discard.
- 3- Remove the four screws holding the heater block-off in place and remove block-off.
- 4- Insert the heater into the control panel and fasten using the same mounting holes.
- 5- Plug the heater wiring harness into the wire harness on the control assembly. Field wiring of the auxiliary heater is separate from the unit power supply. Wire the power supply wiring for the heater to the appropriate connections on the heater kit.

Start-Up

A-Operation

Cooling

When the thermostat is in the cooling mode, the O circuit is powered, which energizes the reversing valve. Upon cooling demand, the thermostat closes circuit R and Y. Closing R and Y closes the unit contactor, starting the compressor and outdoor fan. The thermostat automatically closes the R to G circuit, which brings on the indoor blower at the same time. Upon satisfying cooling demand, the thermostat will open the above circuits and open the main contactor, stopping the compressor and outdoor fan. If the unit is equipped with a delay timer, the blower will continue to operate for 60 to 90 seconds, which improves system efficiency.

Heating - Heat Pump Stage

Upon heating demand, the thermostat closes circuit R to Y, which closes the unit contactor, starting the compressor and outdoor fan. The reversing valve is not energized in the heating mode. The thermostat again automatically brings on the indoor fan at the same time. Upon satisfying heating demand, the thermostat opens above circuits and stops unit operation.

Heating - Auxiliary Electric Heat

Upon heating demand for auxiliary electric heat, the thermostat closes circuit R to W, which energizes the heater sequencers as well as the indoor blower. Upon satisfying auxiliary heat demand, the thermostat opens above circuits and heating elements sequence off; blower continues to operate until all heating elements have turned off.

C-Defrost System

The defrost system includes two components: the defrost thermostat and the defrost control.

Defrost Thermostat

The defrost thermostat is located on the evaporator coil. When the defrost thermostat senses 35°F or cooler, the thermostat contacts close and send a signal to the defrost control board to start the defrost timing. It also terminates defrost when the liquid line warms up to 60°F.

Defrost Control

The defrost control board includes the combined functions of time/temperature defrost control, defrost relay, diagnostic LEDs and terminal strip for field wiring connections. See figure 8.

The control provides automatic switching from normal heating operation to defrost mode and back. During the compressor cycle (call for defrost), the control accumulates compressor run time at 30, 60, 90 minute field-adjustable intervals. If the defrost thermostat is closed when the selected compressor run time interval ends, the defrost relay is energized and the defrost begins.

- 1- An on-board outdoor ambient temperature sensor on the defrost control bypasses the low pressure switch during low ambient temperature below 15°F in heating mode to eliminate nuisance low pressure trips.

NOTE: 15°F is an approximate temperature, depending upon model and installation location.

- 2- A defrost cycle will initiate when there has been a low pressure switch trip; the defrost sensor must be closed and the defrost time interval must not have expired.
- 3- At the end of the defrost cycle, when the unit goes back to heating mode, the low pressure switch is checked to see if it has reset. If so, the strikeout is not counted. This prevents lockout during extreme winter conditions.

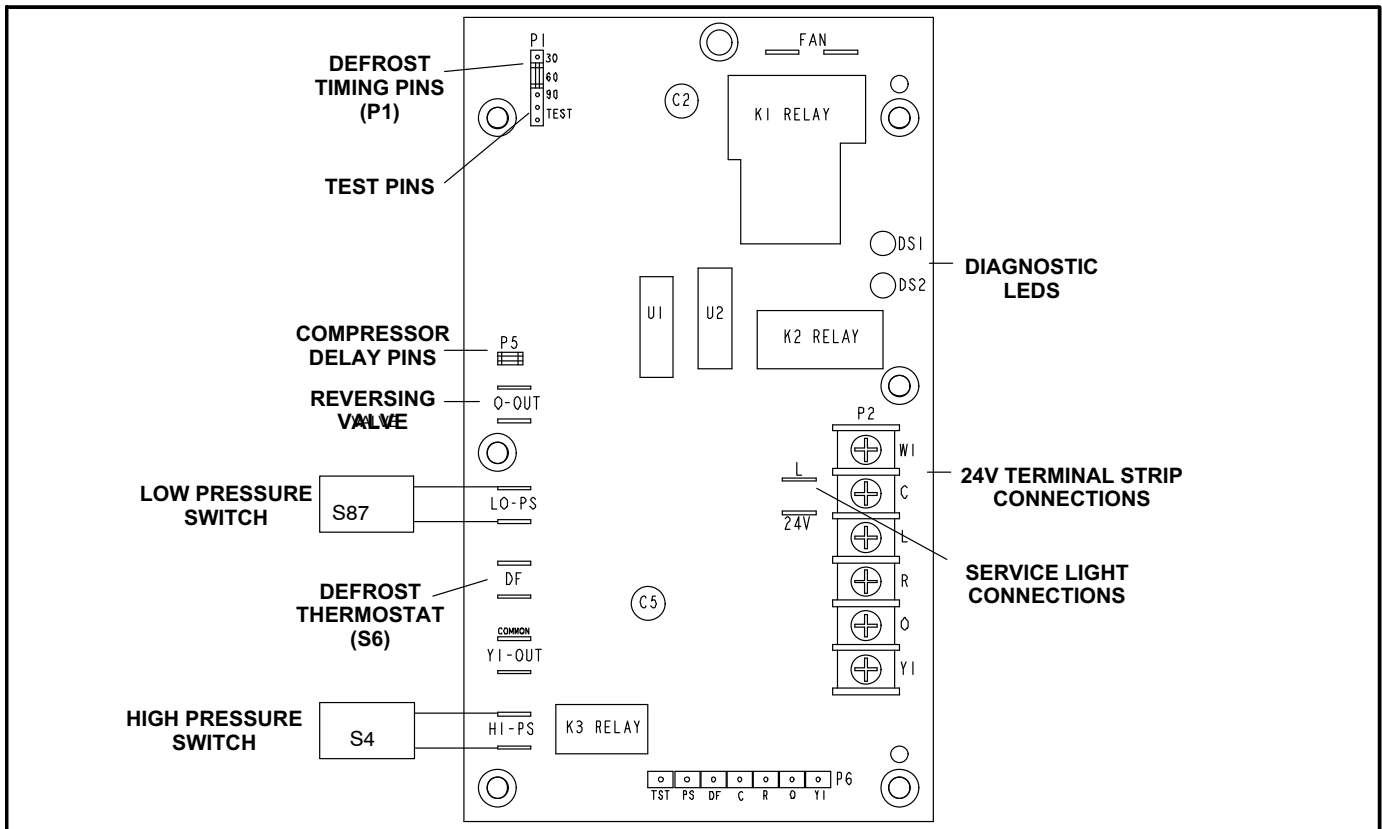


FIGURE 8

Defrost Control Timing Pins

Each timing pin selection provides a different accumulated compressor run time period during one thermostat run cycle. This time period must occur before a defrost cycle is initiated. The defrost interval can be adjusted to 30 (T1), 60 (T2), or 90 (T3) minutes. It is intended that this **product should be set at the 60-minute time interval** at initial installation. If the timing selector jumper is not in place, the control defaults to a 90-minute defrost interval. The maximum defrost period is 14 minutes and cannot be adjusted.

NOTE - For geographic areas that experience low temperature and high humidity conditions (below 35°F and above 80% RH), the defrost timer pin must be field set at installation to a 60 or 30 minute defrost interval to ensure reliable system operation while in heating mode.

A test option is provided for troubleshooting. The test mode may be started any time the unit is in the heating mode and the defrost thermostat is closed or jumpered. If the jumper is in the TEST position at power up, the control will ignore the test pins. When the jumper is placed across the TEST pins for 2 seconds, the control will enter the defrost mode. If the jumper is removed before an additional 5-second period has elapsed (7 seconds total), the unit will remain in defrost mode until the defrost thermostat opens or 14 minutes have passed. If the jumper is not removed until after the additional 5-second period has elapsed, the defrost will terminate and the test option will not function again until the jumper is removed and reapplied.

Compressor Delay (Quiet Shift)

The defrost board has a field-selectable function to reduce occasional sounds that may occur while the unit is cycling in and out of the defrost mode. The compressor will be cycled off for 30 seconds going in and out of the defrost mode when the compressor delay jumper is removed.

NOTE: The 30-second "off" cycle is not functional when jumpering the TEST pins.

Time Delay

The defrost control includes a compressor timer, which ensures the compressor is off for a minimum amount of time between operating cycles.

The timed-off delay is 5 minutes long. The delay helps to protect the compressor from short cycling in case the power to the unit is interrupted or a pressure switch opens.

The delay is bypassed by placing the timer select jumper across the TEST pins for 0.5 seconds.

Pressure Switch Circuit

High and low pressure switches are connected to the defrost control board on heat pump models. Air conditioning models have a high pressure switch installed in line with compressor contactor coil. See figure 8.

During a single demand cycle, the defrost control will lock out the unit after the fifth time that the circuit is interrupted by any pressure switch wired to the control board. In addition, the diagnostic LEDs will indicate a locked-out pressure switch after the fifth occurrence of an open pressure switch. See table 1.

The unit will remain locked out until power to the board is interrupted, then re-established, or until the jumper is applied to the TEST pins for 0.5 seconds.

NOTE: The defrost control board ignores input from the low pressure switch terminals as follows:

- During the TEST mode
- During the defrost cycle
- During the 90-second start-up period
- For the first 90 seconds each time the reversing valve switches heat/cool modes

If the TEST pins are jumpered and the 5-minute delay is being bypassed, the LO PS terminal signal is not ignored during the 90-second start-up period.

Diagnostic LEDs

The defrost board uses two LEDs for diagnostics. The LEDs flash a specific sequence according to the condition as shown in table 1.

**TABLE 1
DEFROST BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LEDs**

| Defrost Board Diagnostic LEDs | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Green LED (DS2) | Red LED (DS1) | Condition |
| OFF | OFF | No Power to Control |
| Simultaneous Slow FLASH | | Normal Operation / Power to Control |
| Alternating Slow FLASH | | 5-min Anti-Short Cycle Delay |
| ON | Slow FLASH | Low Pressure Switch Ignored (Low Ambient) |
| Fault & Lockout Codes | | |
| OFF | Slow FLASH | Low Pressure Switch Fault |
| OFF | ON | Low Pressure Switch Lockout |
| Slow FLASH | OFF | High Pressure Switch Fault |
| ON | OFF | High Pressure Switch Lockout |

D-Three Phase Scroll Compressor Voltage Phasing

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially to ensure correct compressor and blower rotation and operation. Compressor and blower are wired in phase at the factory. Power wires are color-coded as follows: line 1-red, line 2-yellow, line 3-blue.

- 1- Observe suction and discharge pressures and blower rotation on unit start-up.
- 2- Suction pressure must drop, discharge pressure must rise and blower rotation must match rotation marking.

If pressure differential is not observed or blower rotation is not correct:

- 3- Disconnect all remote electrical power supplies.
- 4- Reverse any two field-installed wires connected to the line side of contactor.
- 5- Make sure the connections are tight.

Discharge and suction pressures should operate at their normal start-up ranges.

E-Refrigerant Check and Charge

WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This equipment is a self-contained, factory optimized refrigerant system, and should not require adjustments to system charge when properly installed. If unit performance is questioned, perform the following checks.

Ensure unit is installed per manufacturer's instructions and that line voltage and air flow is correct. Refer to the following tables for proper performance value. The indoor metering device varies by model; when checking performance of a unit using an orifice for metering, refer to the suction superheat value to judge performance. When checking performance of a unit that uses an expansion valve for metering, refer to the subcooling value to judge system performance.

If the measured performance value varies from table value allowance, check internal seals, service panels and duct work for air leaks, as well as restrictions and blower speed settings. If unit performance remains questionable, remove system charge, evacuate to 500 microns, and weigh in refrigerant to nameplate charge. It is critical that the exact charge is re-installed. Failure to comply will compromise system performance.

If unit performance is still questionable, check for refrigerant related problems, such as blocked coil or circuits, malfunctioning metering device or other system components.

**TABLE 2
A/C COOLING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE VALUES**

| Model | Suction Superheat +/- 3 | Liquid Subcooling +/- 2 |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 3 Ton | 14 | |
| 3.5 Ton | 14 | |
| 4 Ton | 16 | |
| 5 Ton | 17 | |

Based on outdoor ambient temperature of 82°F, and indoor entering air of 80°F db, 6°F wb.

**TABLE 3
HP COOLING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE VALUES**

| Model | Suction Superheat +/- 3 | Liquid Subcooling +/- 2 |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 3 Ton | 16 | |
| 3.5 Ton | 22 | |
| 4 Ton | 22 | |
| 5 Ton | | 5 |

Based on outdoor ambient temperature of 82°F, and indoor entering air of 80°F db, 6°F wb.

**TABLE 4
HP HEATING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE VALUES**

| Model | Suction Superheat +/- 3 |
|---------|-------------------------|
| 3 Ton | 28 |
| 3.5 Ton | 20 |
| 4 Ton | 35 |
| 5 Ton | 28 |

Based on outdoor ambient temperature of 82°F, and indoor entering air of 80°F db, 6°F wb.

F-Compressor Controls

See unit wiring diagram to determine which controls are used on each unit. Optional controls are identified on wiring diagrams by arrows at junction points.

1- High Pressure Switch (S4)

The high pressure switch is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise.

S4 is located in the compressor discharge line and is wired in series with the compressor contactor coil.

When discharge pressure rises to 590±10psig (4068±69kPa), indicating a problem with the system, the switch opens. The respective compressor is de-energized but the economizer can continue to operate. Auto-reset switches close at 418±20psig (2882±138kPa).

2- Compressor High Temperature Limit (S173)

The temperature limit switch S5 is located on the top of Interlink compressors and is wired in series with the high pressure switch S4.

**TABLE 5
HP COOLING PERFORMANCE**

| 80 DB / 67 WB Deg. Return Air | | Air Temperature Entering Outdoor Coil, Degree F | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Cooling Input (1000 BTU) | Pressure | 65 | 70 | 75 | 80 | 82 | 85 | 90 | 95 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 | |
| 36 | Suction | 135 | 137 | 140 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 147 | 149 | 151 | 152 | 154 | 155 | |
| 42 | | 129 | 132 | 135 | 139 | 140 | 141 | 143 | 145 | 146 | 147 | 148 | 149 | |
| 48 | | 132 | 136 | 139 | 143 | 144 | 145 | 146 | 147 | 149 | 149 | 151 | 152 | 154 |
| 60 | | 130 | 131 | 133 | 134 | 135 | 136 | 139 | 141 | 144 | 146 | 149 | 152 | 152 |
| 36 | Liquid | 250 | 275 | 301 | 326 | 336 | 351 | 375 | 399 | 423 | 446 | 470 | 493 | |
| 42 | | 248 | 271 | 293 | 316 | 325 | 339 | 362 | 385 | 411 | 436 | 462 | 487 | |
| 48 | | 265 | 286 | 308 | 329 | 338 | 352 | 376 | 400 | 427 | 455 | 482 | 509 | |
| 60 | | 256 | 276 | 296 | 316 | 324 | 340 | 365 | 386 | 415 | 438 | 473 | 503 | |

**TABLE 6
HP HEATING PERFORMANCE**

| 70 Deg. F Return Air | | Air Temperature Entering Evaporator Coil, Degree F | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Cooling Input (1000 BTU) | Pressure | 0 | 5 | 10 | 17 | 20 | 25 | 35 | 40 | 47 | 50 | 55 | 60 |
| 36 | Suction | 35 | 42 | 49 | 58 | 62 | 69 | 82 | 89 | 98 | 102 | 109 | 115 |
| 42 | | 25 | 33 | 42 | 54 | 59 | 68 | 85 | 94 | 106 | 111 | 120 | 129 |
| 48 | | 32 | 39 | 47 | 57 | 62 | 69 | 84 | 92 | 102 | 107 | 114 | 122 |
| 60 | | 30 | 37 | 44 | 54 | 58 | 65 | 80 | 87 | 97 | 101 | 108 | 116 |
| 36 | Liquid | 251 | 258 | 265 | 275 | 279 | 286 | 300 | 307 | 317 | 321 | 328 | 335 |
| 42 | | 297 | 300 | 304 | 309 | 311 | 315 | 322 | 326 | 331 | 333 | 337 | 341 |
| 48 | | 289 | 297 | 306 | 318 | 323 | 332 | 349 | 358 | 370 | 375 | 384 | 393 |
| 60 | | 272 | 281 | 290 | 302 | 307 | 316 | 334 | 343 | 355 | 360 | 369 | 378 |

**TABLE 7
HP COOLING PERFORMANCE**

| 80 DB / 67 WB Deg. Return Air | | Air Temperature Entering Evaporator Coil, Degree F | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Cooling Input (1000 BTU) | Pressure | 65 | 70 | 75 | 80 | 82 | 85 | 90 | 95 | 100 | 105 | 110 | 115 |
| 36 | Suction | 136 | 138 | 140 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 145 | 147 | 149 | 151 | 152 | 154 |
| 42 | | 127 | 131 | 134 | 138 | 139 | 141 | 144 | 147 | 147 | 148 | 148 | 148 |
| 48 | | 132 | 135 | 138 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 147 | 149 | 151 | 152 | 154 | 155 |
| 60 | | 133 | 134 | 135 | 136 | 136 | 137 | 138 | 140 | 142 | 146 | 149 | 146 |
| 36 | Liquid | 267 | 285 | 303 | 322 | 329 | 343 | 367 | 391 | 417 | 443 | 468 | 494 |
| 42 | | 238 | 259 | 280 | 302 | 310 | 324 | 348 | 371 | 396 | 421 | 445 | 470 |
| 48 | | 248 | 271 | 294 | 317 | 326 | 340 | 363 | 386 | 412 | 438 | 464 | 490 |
| 60 | | 245 | 276 | 296 | 316 | 312 | 340 | 365 | 373 | 415 | 438 | 473 | 479 |

Service

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

⚠ CAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

A-Filters

Air filters are not supplied with the unit. A field-provided air filter must always be installed ahead of the evaporator coil and must be cleaned or replaced if necessary. Dirty filters will reduce the airflow of the unit. All units are equipped with a factory-installed filter rack. Use two 20 X 20 X 1" (508 X 508 X 51mm) filters. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters.

To change filters, remove the blower access panel and slide the filters out of the internal rack. See figure 9.

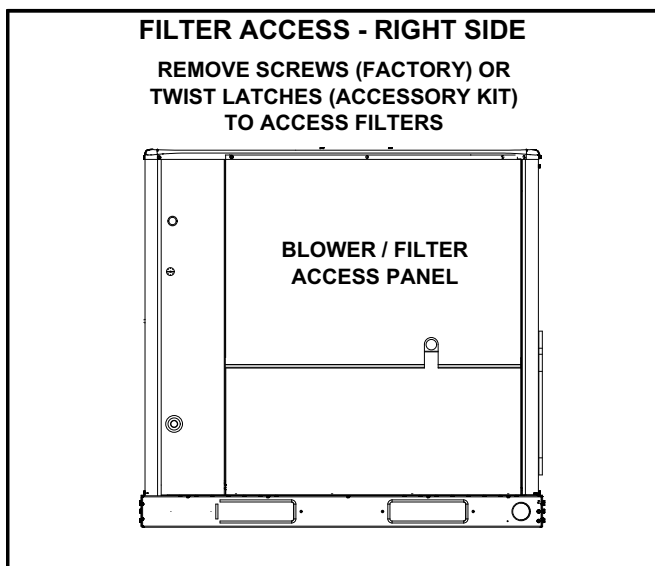


FIGURE 9

Approved filters should be checked monthly and replaced when necessary. Take note of air flow direction marking on filter frame when reinstalling filters.

NOTE-Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

A field-installed accessory tool-less filter access kit is available. The kit includes two new blower panels (one smaller panel secured with screws, the other with twist latches) to provide access for filter changes without any hand tools.

B-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

C-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean using mild detergent or commercial coil cleaner. Flush coil and condensate drain with water taking care not to get insulation, filters and return air ducts wet.

D-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with water and inspect monthly during the cooling season.

E-Compressor

⚠ IMPORTANT

Some scroll compressors have an internal vacuum protector that will unload scrolls when suction pressure goes below 20 psig. A hissing sound will be heard when the compressor is running unloaded. Protector will reset when low pressure in system rises above 40 psig. DO NOT REPLACE COMPRESSOR.

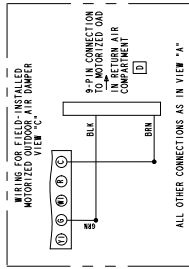
F-Supply Air Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove blower access panel or to clean blower wheel.

DIAGNOSTIC CODES FOR DEFROST CONTROL LEDS

(See instructions or markings on System Diagnostic Module for codes of System Diagnostic Module)

| Description | DS1 (GREEN) | DS2 (RED) |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| No Power to Control | OFF | OFF |
| Normal Operation / Power to Control | Simultaneous Slow Flash | |
| Anti-Short Cycle Lockout | Alternate Slow Flash | |
| Low Pressure Switch Fault | OFF | Slow Flash |
| Low Pressure Switch Lockout | OFF | ON |
| High Pressure Switch Fault | Slow Flash | OFF |
| High Pressure Switch Lockout | ON | OFF |



CONNECTION DIAGRAM, HEAT PUMP CONSTANT TORQUE BLOWER, 3 PHASE - 230V

NOTE: IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE IS REPLACED THE SAME SIZE AND TYPE WIRE MUST BE USED. USE COPPER CONDUCTOR ONLY, MIN 75°C WIRE.

NOTE: TAP 1 FOR FAN ONLY
TAP 2 FOR COOLING ONLY
TAP 3 FOR HEATING ONLY
TAP 4 AND TAPS FOR ELECTRIC HEAT- REFER TO HEATING LABEL

Note: Because the Pressure Switches are monitored only when "Y1" (light) is active, the code for pressure switch open will not be seen when "Y1" is off. Instead, the "Normal Operation" or "Anti-Short Cycle" code will be seen.

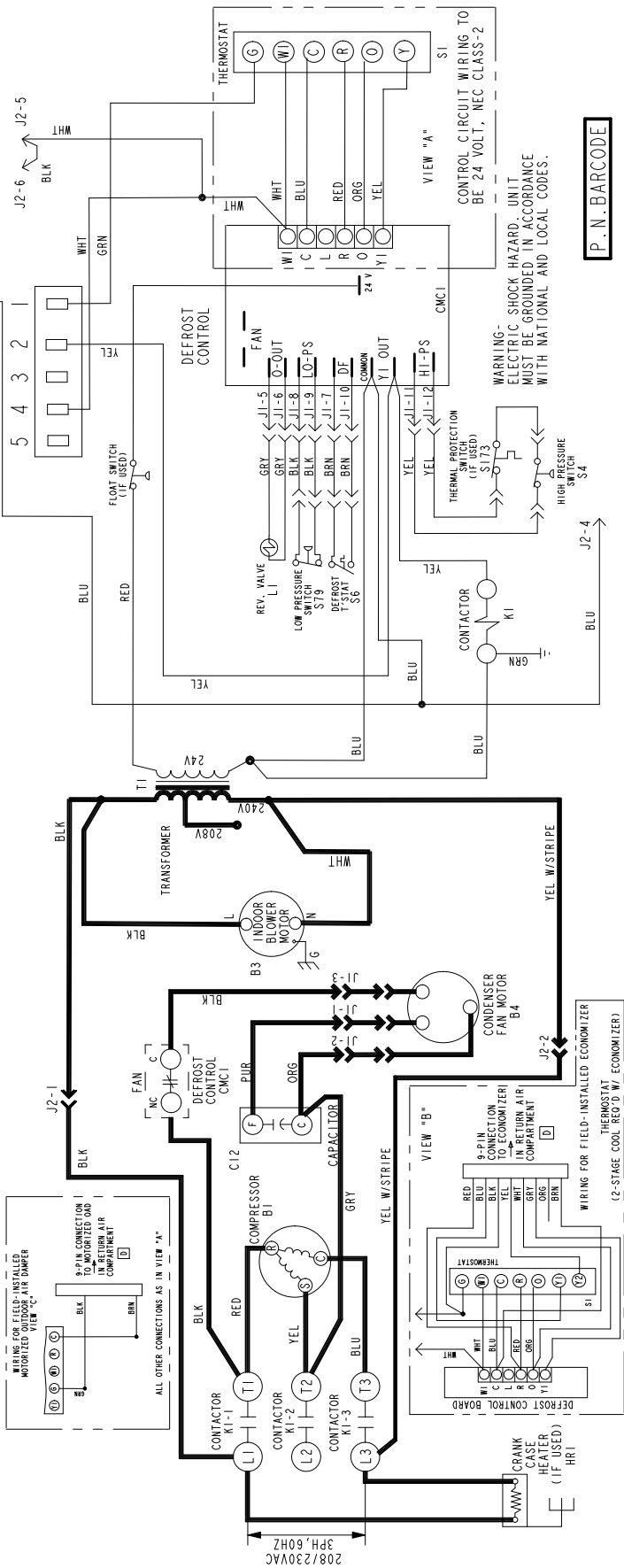
Also, when a pressure switch opens and causes a short cycle lockout, the pressure switch open code will be seen until it closes. Then the short cycle lockout code will flash unless it has already expired.

INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR

W1 & W2 CAN BE USED TO, STAGE ELECTRIC HEAT ACCESSORIES ON 10-, 15-, 20-, & 23 KW MODELS
5 KW HEATER ACCESSORIES FUNCTION OFF W1 ONLY.

J1: PLUG THROUGH CONTROL PANEL (12 PIN)

J2: PLUG FOR ACCESSORY HEAT (6 PIN)



LINE VOLTAGE FIELD INSTALLED

P.N. BARCODE

538133-01

FIGURE 10

DIAGNOSTIC CODES FOR DEFROST CONTROL LEDS

(See instructions or markings on System Diagnostic Module for codes of System Diagnostic Module)

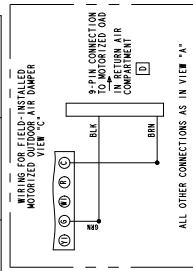
| Description | DS1 (GREEN) | DS2 (RED) |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| No Power to Control | OFF | OFF |
| Normal Operation / Power to Control | Simultaneous Slow Flash | |
| Anti-Short Cycle Lockout | Alternate Slow Flash | |
| Low Pressure Switch Lockout | OFF | Slow Flash |
| High Pressure Switch Lockout | OFF | ON |
| High Pressure Switch Lockout | ON | OFF |

Note: Because the Pressure Switches are monitored only when "Y1" (light) is active, the code for pressure switch open will not be seen when "Y1" is off. Instead, the "Normal Operation" or "Anti-Short Cycle" code will be seen.

Also, when a pressure switch opens and causes a short cycle lockout, the pressure switch open code will be seen until it closes, then the short cycle lockout code will flash unless it has already expired.

J1: PLUG THROUGH CONTROL PANEL (12 PIN)

J2: PLUG FOR ACCESSORY HEAT (6 PIN)



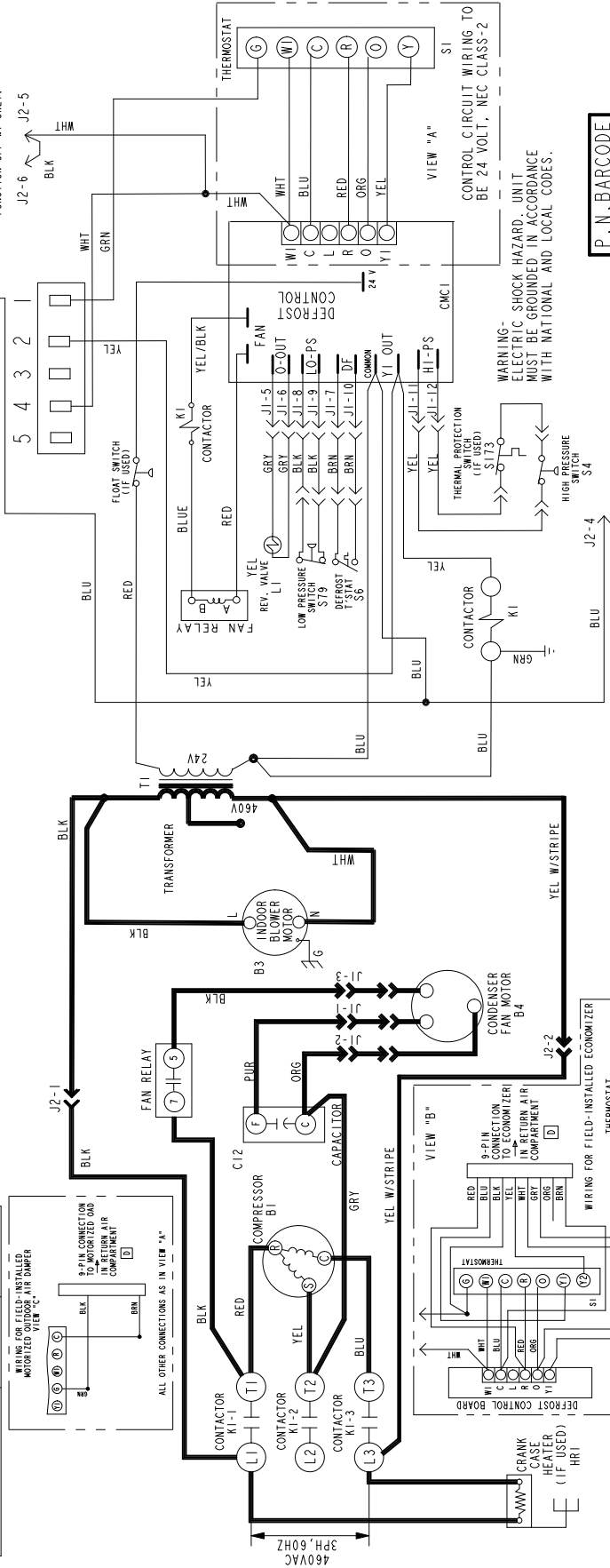
**CONNECTION DIAGRAM, HEAT PUMP
CONSTANT TORQUE BLOWER, 3 PHASE - 460V**

NOTE: TAP 1 FOR FAN ONLY
TAP 2 FOR COOLING
TAP 3 FOR HEATING
TAP 4 AND TAPS FOR ELECTRIC HEAT- REFER TO HEATING LABEL

NOTE:
IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL
WIRE IS REPLACED THE
SAME SIZE AND TYPE WIRE
MUST BE USED.
USE COPPER CONDUCTOR
ONLY, MIN 75°C WIRE

INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR

W1 & W2 CAN BE USED TO STAGE
ELECTRIC HEAT ACCESSORIES ON
10-, 15-, 20-, & 23 KW MODELS
5 KW HEATER ACCESSORIES
FUNCTION OFF W1 ONLY.

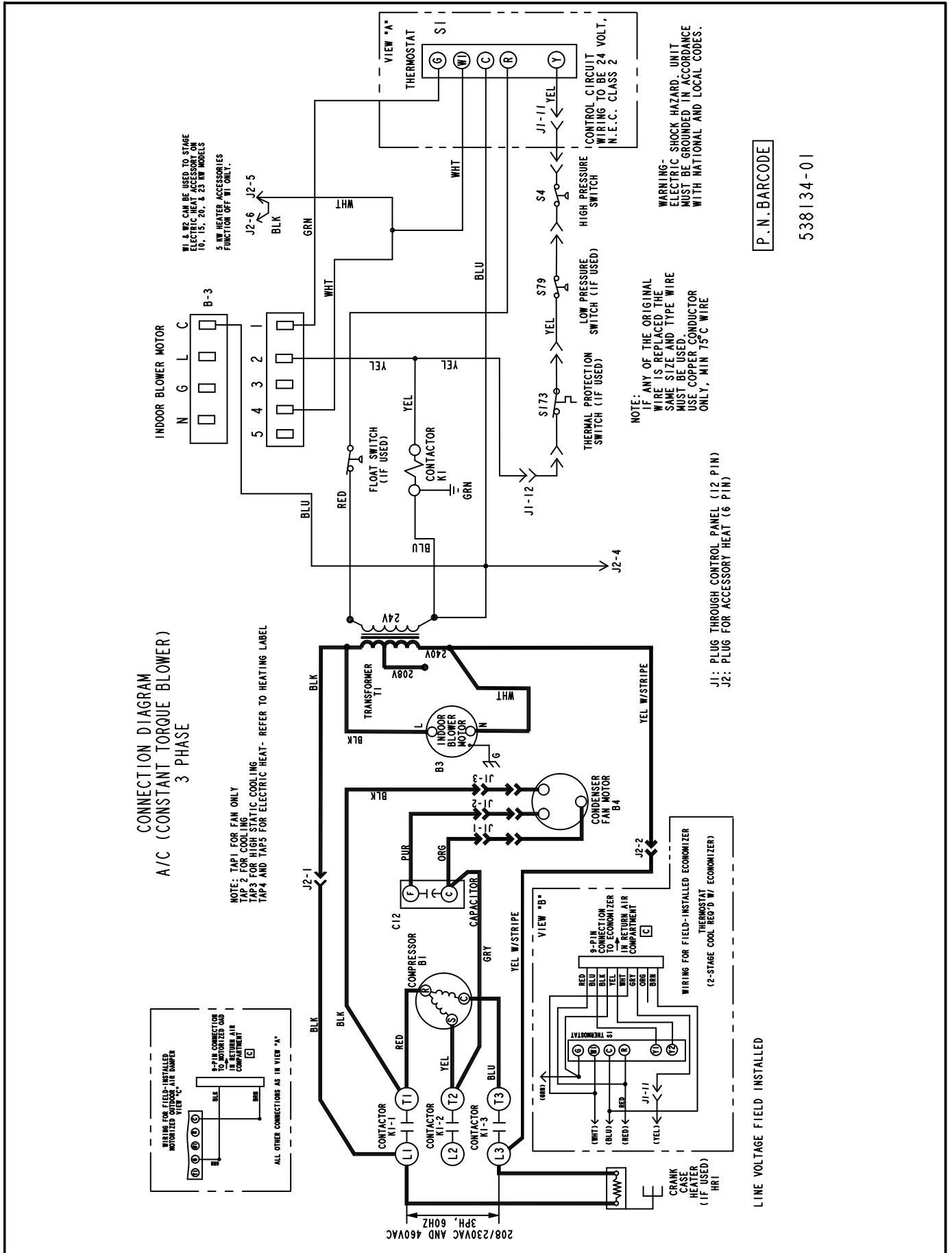


P. N. BARCODE

538163-01

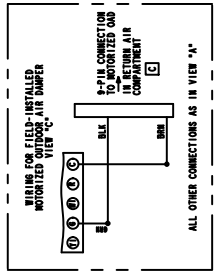
LINE VOLTAGE FIELD INSTALLED

FIGURE 11



CONNECTION DIAGRAM
A/C (CONSTANT TORQUE BLOWER)
3 PHASE

NOTE: TAP1 FOR FAN ONLY
TAP2 FOR COOLING
TAP3 FOR HIGH STATIC COOLING
TAP4 AND TAPS FOR ELECTRIC HEAT- REFER TO HEATING LABEL



NOTE:
IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL
WIRE IS REPLACED THE
SAME SIZE AND TYPE WIRE
MUST BE USED.
USE COPPER CONDUCTOR
ONLY, MIN 75°C WIRE

WARNING-
ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD. UNIT
MUST BE GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES.

J1: PLUG THROUGH CONTROL PANEL (12 PIN)
J2: PLUG FOR ACCESSORY HEAT (6 PIN)

LINE VOLTAGE FIELD INSTALLED

P.N. BARCODE

538134-01

FIGURE 12

START-UP REPORT

Job Name: _____
 Store No. _____ Start-Up Date: _____
 Address: _____
 City: _____ State: _____
 Start-Up Contractor: _____
 Technician: _____
 Model No.: _____
 Serial No.: _____
 RTU No.: _____ Catalog No.: _____

| Inspections and Checks | | | |
|--|-----|----|---|
| Damage? | Yes | No | R22 <input type="checkbox"/> R410A <input type="checkbox"/> |
| If yes, reported to: _____ | | | |
| Verify factory and field-installed accessories. | | | |
| Check electrical connections. Tighten if necessary. | | | |
| Supply voltage: L1-L2 _____ L1-L3 _____ L2-L3 _____ | | | |
| If unit contains a 208-230/240 volt transformer: | | | |
| Check primary transformer tap <input type="checkbox"/> | | | |
| Transformer secondary voltage: _____ | | | |

| Cooling Checks | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|----|----|------------------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|--------------------|----|----|----------------|
| Compressor Rotation <input type="checkbox"/> Ambient Temp. _____ Return Air Temp. _____ Supply Air Temp. _____ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Compressor Amps | | | Compressor Volts | | | Pressures | | Condenser Fan Amps | | | CC Heater Amps |
| | L1 | L2 | L3 | L1-L2 | L1-L3 | L2-L3 | Disch. | Suct. | L1 | L2 | L3 | L1 |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Blower Checks | |
|---|---|
| Pulley/Belt Alignment <input type="checkbox"/> | Blower Rotation <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Set Screws Tight <input type="checkbox"/> | Belt Tension <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Nameplate Amps: _____ Volts: _____ | |
| Motor | Amps |
| L1 _____ | L1-L2 _____ |
| L2 _____ | L1-L3 _____ |
| L3 _____ | L2-L3 _____ |

| Heating Checks - Electric | | | | | | | |
|---|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Return Air Temp.: _____ Supply Air Temp.: _____ | | | | | | | |
| Limits Operate: <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | | | | |
| | Amps | | | | | | |
| | L1 | L2 | L3 | | L1 | L2 | L3 |
| 1 | | | | 10 | | | |
| 2 | | | | 11 | | | |
| 3 | | | | 12 | | | |
| 4 | | | | 13 | | | |
| 5 | | | | 14 | | | |
| 6 | | | | 15 | | | |
| 7 | | | | 16 | | | |
| 8 | | | | 17 | | | |
| 9 | | | | 18 | | | |

| Control Type |
|--------------|
| |

| Accessory Checks | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Power Exhaust Amps | |
| 1 _____ | 2 _____ None <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Economizer Operation | |
| Min. Pos. <input type="checkbox"/> | Motor travel full open/close <input type="checkbox"/> |